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| 33388 7. | 590 01/27/2006 | | EXAMINER | |
| STEVEN MC | DANIEL, MSEE | | MCPARTLIN, SAI | RAH BURNHAM |
| REG. PATENT | r agent | | | |
| 846 S. 1350 E. | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| PROVO, UT | 84606 | | 3636 | |

DATE MAILED: 01/27/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | 10/661,950 | HOLMGREN ET AL. | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | Sarah B. McPartlin | 3636 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 Ja</u> 2a) ⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E | action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | |
| 4) ☐ Claim(s) 21-40 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) 40 is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 21-39 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 21 and 30 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | vn from consideration. | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the order o | epted or b) objected to by the liderawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | • | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | | | | | |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 6) 🔲 Other: | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 21 and 30 are objected to because of the following informalities: It appears as if the word - - barrier - - should be inserted between the words "thermal" and "is" in lines 5 of claim 21 and 30 for the sake of clarity. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 21-22, 26-27, 30-34 and 36-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being anticipated by Greer (4,725,094) in view of Naumann (5,353,453). With respect to claim 21, Greer discloses an apparatus, disclosed in Figures 14-20, comprising: a flexible thermal barrier (122) shaped and sized to substantially cover and thermally protect an interior portion of an unoccupied child car seat, wherein the flexible thermal barrier (122) is rollable into a storable shape given that it is made out of a flexible towel or terry-like material (terry cloth is configured to absorb radiant energy given that when the material is placed in direct sunlight it warms demonstrating absorption of the suns radiant energy); a securement device (124) configured to be secured to a child car seat; a detachable connector (132)(150) comprising a first connection member (132)

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connected to the flexible thermal barrier (122) and a second connection member (150) connected to the securement device (124) the first (132) and second (150) connection member configured to detachably connect to each other.

With respect to claim 22, Greer further discloses a fastening strap (130) connecting the first connection member (132) to the flexible thermal barrier (122), the fastening strap (130) configured to retain the flexible thermal barrier (122) in the storable shape.

With respect to claim 30, Greer discloses a flexible thermal barrier (122) shaped and sized to substantially cover and thermally protect an interior portion of an unoccupied child car seat, wherein the flexible thermal barrier (122) is rollable into a storable shape; and a fastening strap (124) connected to the flexible thermal barrier (122), the fastening strap (124) configured to retain the flexible barrier in the storable shape.

With respect to claim 31, Greer further discloses an adjustable attachment strap (130) configured to enable positioning of the flexible thermal barrier in a plurality of storage positions.

With respect to claim 32, the adjustable attachment strap (130) facilitates storing the flexible thermal barrier in a storage position above a child car seat.

With respect to claim 33, the adjustable attachment strap (130) facilitates storing the flexible thermal barrier (122) in a storage position behind a child car seat.

With respect to claim 34, Greer discloses a detachable connector comprising a first connection member (150) configured to receive the fastening strap (124) and a

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second connection member (132) configured to receive the adjustable attachment strap (130), the first (150) and second (132) connection members configured to detachably connect to each other.

Greer discloses all claimed elements with the exception of at least one face configured to reflect radiant energy and wherein the flexible thermal barrier is washable.

Naumann teaches the use of a flexible sheet (16) having a reflective face (20) that is attached to a conventional towel made of cotton material such as terry cloth and the like (lines 19-29). The tanning towel comprised of the flexible sheet (16) and the terry cloth sheet (18) "has the advantage of being machine washable and foldable without damaging the reflective properties of the tanning towel" (column 3, lines 51-54).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to attach the layer (16) having reflective surface (20) to the terry cloth thermal barrier (122) disclosed by Greer. Such a modification would provide a reflective surface that reflects sunlight onto a sunbather sitting on the barrier improving the absorption of the suns tanning rays.

4. Claims 21, 23-25, 30, 31 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being anticipated by Walker (5,441,789) in view of Naumann (5,353,453). With respect to claim 21, Walker discloses an apparatus comprising: a flexible thermal barrier (10) shaped and sized to substantially cover and thermally protect an interior portion of an unoccupied child car seat, wherein the flexible thermal barrier (10) is rollable into a storable shape given that it is made of towel material; a securement device (16)

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configured to be secured to a child car seat; a detachable connector (12)(14) comprising a first connection member (14) connected to the flexible thermal barrier (10) and a second connection member (unlabeled) in the form of hook and loop type fastener connected to adjustable attachment strap (12) connected to the securement device (16), the first and second connection member configured to be detachably connected to each other.

With respect to claim 23, Walker discloses an adjustable attachment strap (12) connecting the second connection member (unlabeled) to the securement device (16), the adjustable attachment strap (12) configured to enable positioning of the flexible thermal barrier in a plurality of storage positions.

With respect to claims 24 and 25, the adjustable attachment strap (12) facilitates storing the flexible thermal barrier (10) in a storage position above a child car seat or behind a child car seat.

With respect to claims 30, 31 and 25, Walker discloses a flexible thermal barrier (10) and a fastening strap (12) connected to the flexible thermal barrier, the fastening strap configured to retain the flexible thermal barrier (10) in the storable shape and an adjustable attachment strap (12) configured to enable positioning of the flexible thermal barrier (10) in a plurality of storage positions and a securement device (16) connected to the adjustable attachment strap (12) and secured to the child seat.

Walker discloses all claimed elements with the exception of at least one face configured to reflect radiant energy and wherein the flexible thermal barrier is washable.

Naumann teaches the use of a flexible sheet (16) having a reflective face (20) that is attached to a conventional towel made of cotton material such as terry cloth and the like (lines 19-29). The tanning towel comprised of the flexible sheet (16) and the terry cloth sheet (18) "has the advantage of being machine washable and foldable without damaging the reflective properties of the tanning towel" (column 3, lines 51-54).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to attach the layer (16) having reflective surface (20) to the terry cloth thermal barrier (122) disclosed by Walker. Such a modification would provide a reflective surface that reflects sunlight onto a sunbather sitting on the barrier improving the absorption of the suns tanning rays.

5. Claims 28 and 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Greer (4,725,094) in view of Naumann (5,353,453) and in further view of O'Sullivan (5,572,757). As disclosed above, Greer, as modified, reveals all claimed elements with the exception a detachable pouch with a water absorbent lining.

O'Sullivan teaches the use of a detachable pouches (54) made of absorbent terry cloth material for containing a temperature moderation device (52).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to modify the apparatus disclosed by Greer, as modified, to include detachable pouches as taught by O'Sullivan. Such a modification would enable the pouches to be positioned where they are most effective.

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6. Claims 29 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Greer (4,725,094) in view of Naumann (5,353,453) in view of O'Sullivan (5,572,757) and in further view of Boyer et al. (6,088,856). As disclosed above, Greer, as modified, reveals all claimed elements with the exception of a pouch comprising waterproof material.

Boyer teaches the use of a waterproof pouch (14) for containing liquids located inside a support element.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to make the pouch elements (38)(38a) disclosed by Greer, as modified, waterproof. Such a modification would prevent the condensation for the cool or warming element located inside the pouch from making the covering material wet.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claim 40 is allowed.

Response to Amendment

8. The amendment filed on January 3, 2006 has been considered in its entirety.

Remaining issues are detailed in the section above. The Naumann reference is

dependent upon in the above rejection for its teaching of material comprising a reflective surface that is washable and rollable. This reference shows that a material being simultaneously reflective and washable is indeed known in the prior art.

Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sarah B. McPartlin whose telephone number is 571-272-6854. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7:30 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Cuomo can be reached on 571-272-6856. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

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SBM January 17, 2006 Peter M. Cuomo
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Technology Center 3600

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